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THE EFFECTIVENESS OF AID DELIVERY A COMPARATIVE STUDY

A thesis presented in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the degree of

Master of Philosophy in Development Studies

at Massey University

by

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DEDICATION

Dedicated to the memory of Aiden Jack Beveni

1953 - 1994

Principal Forest Officer

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ABSTRACT

This study sets up a process for the systematic evaluation of the effectiveness of aid agencies in aid delivery through evaluating the projects and programmes that they are implementing. It evaluates and compares five different aid agencies comprising of a bilateral aid donor, non-government organisation, community based organisation, development bank and multilateral aid donor. The common ground for comparison is that these agencies have all been providing assistance to, or working in, the forestry sector in the Solomon Islands over a relatively long period.

The study found that it is possible to apply a systematic comparative evaluation process to aid agencies, and the projects and programmes that they were implementing, despite seemingly large differences in aid philosophy and aid management among them. By applying systematic comparative evaluations such as the one set up in this study it is possible to learn from all agencies how to enhance the effectiveness of aid delivery for the ultimate benefit of donor and recipient alike.

The study found that none of the agencies reviewed in the study were necessarily more effective than any other agency in aid delivery. There was likewise no evidence that any one theoretical position on development, or any particular approach to aid delivery was necessarily any more effective when it came to implementing aid projects or programmes. There are too many variables affecting the implementation of projects and programmes for any one approach to aid delivery or theoretical position to be the most effective in all cases.

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Tim Thorpe Wellington

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ABBREVIATIONS

		0		n
ACP -	African,	Caribbean	and	Pacific

ADAB - Australian Development Assistance Bureau

AIDAB - Australian International Development Assistance Bureau (formerly ADAB)

CD&W - Commonwealth Development and Welfare Funds

CDC - Commonwealth Development Corporation

CFI - Commonwealth Forestry Institute

CIDA - Canadian International Development Agency

CSIRO - Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation

DSE - Development Services Exchange

EC - European Community (formerly the EEC)

EDF - European Development Fund

FAO - Food and Agriculture Organisation

FD - Forestry Division (of the Ministry of Natural Resources)

FRIS - Forest Resource Information System

ICVA - International Council of Voluntary Agencies

JICA - Japanese International Cooperation Agency

JOAA - Japanese Overseas Afforesting Agency

KFPL - Kolombangara Forest Products Ltd

KTC - Komuniboli Training Centre

MERT - Ministry of External Relations and Trade

MLENR - Ministry of Lands, Energy and Natural Resources

MMC - Monopolies and Mergers Commission

MNR - Ministry of Natural Resources

MOU - Memorandum of Understanding

MTM - Mobile Team Member

NFAP - National Forestry Action Plan

NFRI - National Forest Resource Inventory

NGO - Non-Government Organisation

ODA - Overseas Development Assistance, but British Overseas Development Administration

OECD - Organisation For Economic Cooperation and Development

OSB - Overseas Service Bureau

PCC - Project Coordinating Committee

SFO - Senior Forest Officer

SI - Solomon Islands

SIDT - Solomon Islands Development Trust

SIG - Solomon Islands Government

SIPL - Solomon Islands Plantation Ltd.

STABEX - Stabilisation of Export Earnings

TCUP - Timber Control Unit Project

TDRI - Tropical Development Research Institute

TOR - Terms of Reference

UK - United Kingdom

UN - United Nations

UNDP - United Nations Development Program

UNIDO - United Nations Industrial Development Organisation

US and USA - United States of America

USAID - United States Agency for International Development

Yes, development fashions have changed over the last three decades, and that is why gradually the files, the archives, the case-books of the development establishment - which consists of the multi - and bilateral development and financing agencies, with their supporting theorists in the universities and the foundations, never forgetting their protégés in the planning ministries of the underdeveloped world - have come to resemble the private cemetery of a fantastic zoo, a cemetery stuffed with the corpses of wild geese, lame ducks, red herrings, white elephants and dead horses.

(Jack Westoby, The Purpose of Forests)