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An Ethnography of the Nursing Handover

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requirements
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Abstract

The purpose of this study was to enable nurses to recognise the significance of their role in delivering the nursing handover, and the impact this has on direct patient care. The aims of the study were: To identify how prepared nurses perceived they were for the next shift at the end of the nursing handover; to describe what nurses identify as important to handover to the nurse on the next shift; and to examine the processes by which nurses deliver the nursing handover. The research question was: Does the nursing handover adequately prepare the nurse for the next shift?

This qualitative study using an ethnonursing approach investigated the nursing handover in a large base hospital in New Zealand between the morning and afternoon shifts. Research data were collected during 5 non-participant observations of the nursing handovers between morning and afternoon shifts, and 10 nurses were interviewed using a semi-structured interview schedule. The interview questions emerged from the non-participant observations. The data was analysed using Leininger's 4 phases of ethnonursing.

The findings identified that the nurses in the study perceived they were not always adequately prepared during the nursing handover for the next shift. They frequently needed to access further information from a variety of other sources to ensure the provision of safe care to their patients. My observations showed, that the majority of these nurses when handing over recited the list of tasks and procedures they had completed during their shift, rather than prospectively providing the information required by the incoming nurses.

The findings also indicated that the nursing handover is still a key component of nursing practice, and serves purposes other than just handing over patient care. It is important for the communication, education and socialisation of nurses.

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Glossary

ABs	antibiotics
CT	computed tomography
IDC	indwelling catheter
IVs	intravenous therapy
leur	cap attached to the end of an intravenous line
neg	negative
obs	measuring temperature, pulse and blood pressure
post op	after operation
Resus	resuscitation
tds	3 times a day
UTIs	urinary tract infections

Table of Contents

Title page	i
Abstract	ii
Acknowledgments	iii
Glossary	iv
Table of Contents	v

CHAPTER ONE INTRODUCTION

INTRODUCTION	1
BACKGROUND	1
PURPOSE OF THE STUDY	3
RESEARCH APPROACH	4
STRUCTURE OF THESIS	5
CONCLUSION	5

CHAPTER TWO LITERATURE REVIEW

INTRODUCTION	6
THE HISTORY OF NURSING HANDOVER	6
NURSING HANDOVER AS RITUAL	10
NURSING HANDOVER AS INFORMATION	13
SHARING	
NURSING HANDOVER AS SOCIALISATION	15
METHODS OF HANDOVER	15
CONCLUSION	19

CHAPTER THREE RESEARCH STUDY AND DESIGN

INTRODUCTION	21
QUALITATIVE RESEARCH	21
ETHNOGRAPHY	22
CULTURE	23
ETHNOGRAPHY AND CULTURE	24
ETHNONURISNG	27
DATA COLLECTION	29
ETHICAL CONCERNS	34
CONCLUSION	36

CHAPTER FOUR THE WARD SETTING AND THE NURSING HANDOVER

INTRODUCTION	38
THE WARD SETTING	38
THE NURSING HANDOVER	40
CONCLUSION	45

CHAPTER FIVE NEEDING TO KNOW

INTRODUCTION	46
NEEDING TO KNOW ABOUT	46
NEEDING TO HAVE	54
NEEDING TO KNOW HOW TO	56
NEEDING TO ACKNOWLEDGE	61
CONCLUSION	66

CHAPTER SIX	DISCUSSION	
INTRODUCTION		69
COMMUNICATION		70
EDUCATION		75
SOCIALISATION		77
CONCLUSION		79
CHAPTER SEVEN	CONCLUSION	
STRENGTHS		81
LIMITATIONS		82
RECOMMENDATIONS		83
REFERENCES		84
APPENDICES		89
APPENDIX A – INFORMATION SHEET		90
APPENDIX B – CONSENT FORM		92