

Table D: A Principal Component Analysis of Factor Loadings for Dependent Equity

	Factor Rules	Factor Distribution
65 plus pay more of health care costs	0.364	0.643
Cut spending on the young	0.678	-0.130
Concern about the costs of NZSB	0.517	0.180
Hurt if NZSB was cut	0.723	-0.272
NZSB is an earned right	0.620	-0.364
Focus on other dependants in need	0.273	0.670
% of Variance Explained	30.69	18.63

High factor loadings are in bold.

Table E: A Pearson Correlation Matrix for the Relationship between Variables of Dependent Equity

	E1	E2	E3	E4	E5	E6
Equity 1 (65 plus pay more of health care costs)	1.0					
Equity 2 (Cut spending on the youth)	0.16**	1.0				
Equity 3 (Concern about the costs of NZSB)	0.15**	0.10**	1.0			
Equity 4 (Hurt if the NZSB was cut)	0.07*	0.36**	0.25**	1.0		
Equity 5 (NZSB is an earned right)	0.04	0.28**	0.17**	0.31**	1.0	
Equity 6 (Focus on other dependants in need)	0.16**	0.1*	0.1*	0.05	0.03	1.0

The symbol ** indicates $P \leq 0.01$ and the symbol * indicates $0.01 < P \leq 0.05$. Determinant = 0.650.

Table F: A Principal Component Analysis of Factor Loadings for the Superannuation Environment

	F1 Birthright	F2 Responsible	F3 Exchange
Expect to receive the NZSB	0.63	0.31	-0.21
NZSB be received by those earning \$30,000 plus	0.66	-0.47	0.17
Full-time employed and receive NZSB	0.62	-0.54	0.15
All receive NZSB when turn 65	0.59	-0.29	-0.26
NZSB be an income source	0.44	0.29	0.38
Taxes to maintain NZSB	0.45	0.33	0.51
Income redistribution	0.33	0.54	-0.42
Some receive more benefits than amount pa	0.32	0.42	0.30
Government responsibility to care for the Aged	0.54	-----	-0.53
% Variance Explained	27.27	14.97	12.40