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## Bodies of knowledge:

Early childhood teachers' experiences of their initial teacher education programme and sense of preparedness for teaching

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## **Abstract**

This thesis investigates the phenomenon of 'preparedness' as it is employed in relation to the preparation of early childhood teachers through initial teacher education. It is a descriptive account of how newly qualified teachers made sense of their learning to teach process through the lens of preparedness; a construct that was brought to the research process. Individual and group interviews with field-based and pre-service newly qualified early childhood teachers participating in the study were conducted over eighteen months. The programme leaders of participating teacher education institutions were also interviewed, and a range of teacher education programme and official documentation was examined. An interpretivist approach was employed in the design of the research, including data generation, data analysis and presentation of findings.

This thesis argues that newly qualified teachers equate 'being prepared' with 'being knowledgeable'. Rather than holding this knowledge as a store of 'in-the-head' knowledge, the research texts strongly suggested that as students approaching newly qualified teacher status, they desired to hold this knowledge in a practice, or an embodied sense. Through investigating participants' stories of becoming knowledgeable this thesis argues that the process of accessing and acquiring the formal knowledge of teaching was aligned to the structural form of each institution, and to the way in which each positioned students in relation to that knowledge. From participants' perspectives each institutional setting represents discursively different ways of coming to know teaching and being teachers.

This thesis clarifies the conditions for teacher education students to understand knowledge for teaching and thus become "self authoring members" (Edwards et al., 2002) of early childhood communities of practice. It argues that the key to teacher education students' sense of preparedness lies within the design of teacher education programmes. The stories of newly qualified teachers and the author's interpretations of them make a contribution to on-going dialogue about what constitutes knowledge and knowing for teachers. It adds a voice to those who argue that learning to teach is not principally a cognitive process that privileges thought over action and theory over practice. Rather, this thesis contends that the nature of knowledge for teaching must be reconceptualised to take account of practice theories of knowledge.

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## **Table of Contents**

Cnapter 1: Introduction	I
Overview	1
Part I: Situating the study	2
'Preparedness' as a cultural storyline	4
Positioning myself as researcher	5
Positioning the teacher education student	7
Gaps in the literature	9
Learning to teach: the person in the process	10
'Preparedness' under erasure	11
Part II: The study takes shape	12
Experience as a source of knowledge	12
Research question and methodological orientation	12
Overview of thesis	14
Chapter 2: Policy and practice frameworks for early childhood initial teache	er
education	17
Part I: Early childhood teacher education: beginnings	18
The landscape of teacher education	20
The diploma of teaching (ECE)	25
Positioning the early childhood 'worker' as 'teacher'	27
Undermining the diploma: educational policy in the 1990s	31
Part II: Being "as well prepared as possible": official discourses	34
Ministry of Education construction of the early childhood teacher	35
New Zealand Teachers Council requirements for well prepared teachers	38
Part III: Early childhood teacher qualifications	40
The early childhood qualification landscape	40
Conceptual frameworks	41
Early childhood—a distinctive field of teacher education?	44
Conclusion	45
Chapter 3: A review of preparedness literature	46
Part 1: Orientating to and defining preparedness research	46

Search strategy and Inclusion criteria	47
Early preparedness research	51
Measures of preparedness	52
Part II: Preparedness and early childhood teaching	54
Overview	54
The reality of the first year of teaching	56
The 'sanitised' curriculum of teacher education	59
Discontinuity between the knowledges of teacher edu	acation and those of teaching
	62
Learning to teach: theory to practice or a process of e	enactment?65
Part III: The paradox of being well prepared	66
Part IV: Setting direction: the research problem	68
Conclusion	70
Chapter 4: Methodology	72
Part I: Theoretical positioning: selecting a theoretical le	ens73
Interpretivism: a starting point	73
Phenomenology: looking for the essence	76
Locating myself in the research narrative	79
Interpretive Interactionism	80
Part II: Theoretical fieldwork: research in action	82
Research questions	82
Research design	83
Gaining academic and ethical approval for the research	ch project83
Identifying participants and research sites	85
Participants	86
Data generation tools	90
Constructing and asking 'phenomenological' question	ns92
Data analysis and interpretive process	96
Conclusion	101
Chapter 5: Knowledge and Preparedness	103
Introduction	103
Part I: Being knowledgeable	104
Part II: Accumulating the knowledge	106
Knowledge as object	108

Outsiders to the discourse: the experiences of field-based participants	109
Knowledge as an expectation: the experiences of pre-service participants	111
The knowledgeable teacher	112
Part III: Knowledge as relational	115
Knowers in relation to children	116
Knowers in relation to adults	119
Reflexive moments during learning to teach	122
Conclusion	126
Chapter 6: 'Cracking the Code': The experiences of pre-service students	130
Part I: The code	131
Accumulating the 'bits': "The career just got bigger and bigger"	138
Being overwhelmed by knowledge	142
Feeling lost	144
Part II: A hard code to crack	145
Polarising the programme	145
"Make it your own"	152
Part III: Cracking the code	154
"Ah ha, I get how you can": The discourse of the real	160
Conclusion	166
Chapter 7: Lifting the veil: The experiences of field-based teachers	170
Part I: Seeing it differently	171
Seeing the knowledge	172
Why talk of 'seeing' knowledge?	175
Just-in-time knowledge: the emergent curriculum of teacher education	177
Illuminating the unknown	179
Seeing is understanding	181
Part II: Piata's story: "It was all foreign to me"	184
Being other/ed	186
Relationships at the heart of learning teaching	187
The discursive context of teacher education	189
Part III: Conversational partners: engaging in dialogue	191
Constituting teacher self through the 'other'	192
Integration is the key	199
Part IV: Feeling confident: joining the club	200

Knowing practice	204
Conclusion	205
Chapter 8: Bodies of knowledge	209
Overview	209
Part 1: Clarifying the conditions for understanding the knowledge of teacher	
education	211
Summary of key claims	211
The discourse of the real: making sense of knowledge	213
Part 2: The knowledge problem	215
The nature of knowledge for learning teaching	215
Thinking twice	218
Understanding as a discursive accomplishment	220
The paradox of being knowledgeable	221
Part III: What can be learned from this study?	223
Pedagogies of practice	223
So what does this study point to? What are its implications?	227
References	231
Appendices	252
Appendix A: Student/newly qualified teacher Information Sheet	253
Appendix B: Akoranga kit e ako-information sheet	256
Appendix C: Letter of approach to participating institution	259
Appendix D: Programme Coordinator Information Sheet	263
Appendix E: Expression of Interest Forms	266
Appendix F: Participant Consent Form	270
Appendix G: Example of participant communication sheet/panui	271
Appendix H: Individual interview schedule –Interview 1	273
Appendix I: Individual interview schedule –Interview 2	275
Appendix J: Group interview schedule –Interview 1	277
Appendix K: Group interview schedule –Interview 2	279
Appendix L: Programme Director Interview	283