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Multicomponent Metal-Organic Frameworks

A thesis presented in partial fulfilment of the requirements of the degree of

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For Minxuan Du

Abstract

Introducing multiple functional groups into the pores of metal-organic frameworks (MOFs) promise sophisticated properties. Precise control over the position of these functional groups would enable the 3D chemical environment of discrete void spaces to be tailored. This was an outstanding challenge prior to this work. In this thesis we present a study of the synthesis, characterization and properties of MOFs that can meet this goal. These MOFs are multicomponent in nature, being built up from three geometrically distinct organic ligands. Functional groups can be appended to these ligands and are incorporated in precise locations and with perfect order in the frameworks. The chemical environment of the pores of these MOFs is “programmed” by these functional groups. MOFs constructed in this way give rise to exceptional gas adsorption characteristics, unexpected stability towards water vapour, and tunable catalytic properties.

Contributions

All the work in this thesis was completed by Lujia Liu

except

- All elemental analyses were performed by the Campbell Microanalytical Laboratory at the University of Otago, New Zealand.
- Some gas adsorption isotherms presented in Chapter 2 and 3 were measured by Dr. Matthew Hill and Dr. Kristina Konstas at CSIRO.
- Truxene, H₃hmtt, and a precursor of H₃hett were synthesized by David Lun. David Lun also conducted scale up recrystallization of some truxene-based ligands.
- ES-MS analyses for H₃hbtt and H₃hhtt were conducted by Dr. Marie Squire at University of Canterbury
- David Perl wrote a computer script to extract the data presented in Figure 4.21.
- H₂L1-Boc and H₂L1 (Chapter 5), which were fully characterized in his previous work, were provided by David Lun.^[1]

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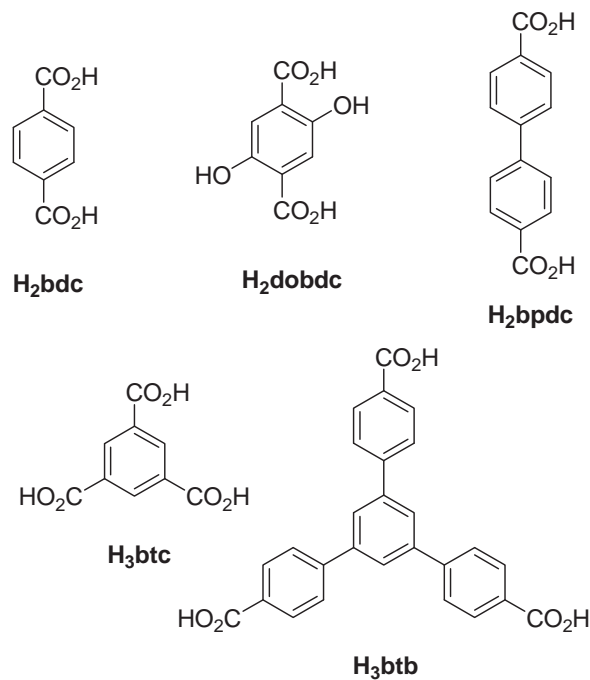
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Abbreviations

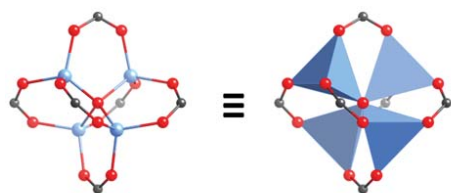
ANG	adsorbed natural gas
BET	Brunauer-Emmett-Teller
CNG	compressed natural gas
CSIRO	Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organization
DEF	<i>N,N</i> -diethylformamide
DFT	density functional theory
DMF	<i>N,N</i> -dimethylformamide
DOE	U.S. Department of Energy
GCMC	Grand Canonical Monte Carlo
HKUST	Hong Kong University of Science and Technology
IRMOF	isoreticular metal-organic framework
IUPAC	International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry
LNG	liquefied natural gas
MAF	metal azolate framework
MC	multicomponent
MC-MOF	multicomponent metal-organic framework
MCP	microporous coordination polymer
MIL	Matériel Institut Lavoisier
MOF	metal-organic framework
MTV	multivariate
MTV-MOF	multivariate metal-organic framework
MUF	Massey University framework
NMR	nuclear magnetic resonance
PCN	porous coordination network
PCP	porous coordination polymer
PSA	pressure swing adsorption

PSD	pore size distribution
PSM	postsynthetic modification
PXRD	powder x-ray diffraction
RH	relative humidity
SBU	secondary building unit
SC-XRD	single crystal x-ray diffraction
SEM	scanning electron microscopy
STP	standard temperature and pressure
SUMOF	Stockholm University metal-organic framework
TGA	Thermogravimetric analysis
TSA	temperature swing adsorption
UiO	University of Oslo
UMCM	University of Michigan crystalline material
VSA	vacuum swing adsorption
XRD	X-ray diffraction
ZIF	zeolitic imidazolate framework

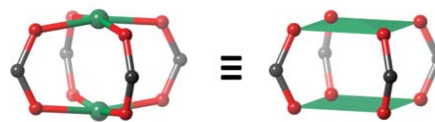
Reference chart of common ligands



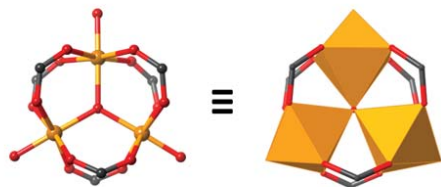
Reference chart of common metal clusters



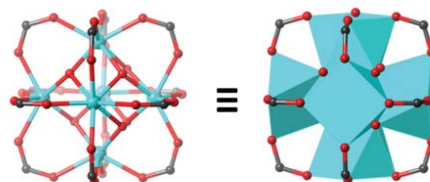
Zn₄O(CO₂)₆ cluster



M₂(CO₂)₄ paddle-wheel cluster
M = Cu(II), Zn(II)



M₃O(CO₂)₆(H₂O)₂X cluster
M = Cr, Fe, V, Sc; X = F, Cl, OH



Zr₆O₄(OH)₄(CO₂)₁₂ cluster

Publications and thesis structure

Publications relevant to this thesis

1. **L. Liu** and S. G. Telfer, Systematic Ligand Modulation Enhances the Moisture Stability and Gas Sorption Characteristics of Quaternary Metal-Organic Frameworks, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2015**, 137, 3901-3909.

I carried out the experimental and computational work, put together the electronic supporting information, and wrote the first draft of this paper.

2. **L. Liu**, K. Konstas, M. R. Hill and S. G. Telfer, Programmed Pore Architectures in Modular Quaternary Metal-Organic Frameworks, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2013**, 135, 17731-17734.

I carried out the experimental and computational work, put together the electronic supporting information, and contributed to the writing of this paper.

Additional publications

3. J. Sirirak, D. J. Harding, P. Harding, K. S. Murray, B. Moubaraki, **L. Liu** and S. G. Telfer, Spin Crossover in *cis* Manganese(III) Quinolyaldiminates, *Eur. J. Inorg. Chem.* **2015**, 2015, 2534-2542.
4. J. Sirirak, D. J. Harding, P. Harding, **L. Liu** and S. G. Telfer, Solvatomorphism and Electronic Communication in Fe(III) N,N-Bis(salicylidene)-1,3-propanediamine Dimers, *Aust. J. Chem.* **2015**, 68, 766-773.
5. A. Ferguson, **L. Liu**, S. Blackwood and S. G. Telfer, Recent Developments in Metal-Organic Framework (MOF) Chemistry, *Chemistry in New Zealand* **2014**, 78, 113-118.
6. D. J. Harding, W. Phonsri, P. Harding, I. Gass, K. S. Murray, B. Moubaraki, J. D. Cashion, **L. Liu** and S. G. Telfer, Abrupt Spin Crossover in an Iron(III) Quinolylsalicylaldimine complex: Structural Insights and Solvent Effects, *Chem. Commun.* **2013**, 49, 6340-6342.
7. A. S. Gupta, R. K. Deshpande, **L. Liu**, G. I. N. Waterhouse and S. G. Telfer, Porosity in Metal-Organic Frameworks Following Thermolytic Postsynthetic Deprotection: Gas Sorption, Dye Uptake and Covalent Derivatisation, *CrystEngComm* **2012**, 14, 5701-5704.

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