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THE SYNTHESIS AND PROPERTIES OF POLYETHER SUBSTITUTED OLIGOTHIOPHENES

A thesis presented in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of

Doctor of Philosophy

in

Chemistry

at Massey University, Palmerston North, New Zealand.

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Abstract

A number of novel dialkoxystyryl-substituted terthiophenes were synthesised as precursors to form conducting polymers. These compounds contained either crown ethers or polyether chains designed to complex metal cations, and polymerisable terthiophene moieties. Two isomeric cross-linked bis(terthiophene) crown ethers were also synthesised as monomers for conducting polymer synthesis, but could not be investigated further due to their insolubility. The solubility issue was circumvented by the formation of hemicrown compounds, containing two styrylterthiophene units linked by a polyether chain. Thiophene analogues of the crown ether, open-chain ether, bis(terthiophene) crown ether and hemicrown compounds were also successfully synthesised and characterised.

The response of the terthiophene crown compounds, open-chain compounds and hemicrowns to a large range of metal cations was investigated by UV and fluorescence spectroscopy. The results obtained from this work were consistent with complexation based on size-fit and charge density of ions, and with hard-soft-acid-base theory.

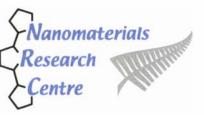
Chemical polymerisation of the terthiophene crown monomers and open-chain ether terthiophene compounds was carried out using FeCl₃. This led to the isolation of dimeric sexithiophene compounds in high yield. Characterisation of the pure sexithiophene derivatives showed that they were the product of regioselective dimerisation, caused by the asymmetric reactivity of the terthiophene-based monomers. This is believed to be due to uneven electron spin-density distribution, and theoretical calculations on the radical cation support this view. Producing dialkoxystyryl-substituted sexithiophenes by this synthetic route gave excellent yields of isomerically-pure product.

Chemical oxidation of terthiophene compounds using $Cu(CIO_4)_2$ was observed with UV/VIS/NIR spectroscopy. This allowed the observation and identification of absorption bands due to oxidised species. Reduction of these species led to sexithiophene dimers, as seen for chemical polymerisation using FeCl₃.

Electrochemical polymerisations of the terthiophene, thiophene and sexithiophene compounds were carried out by cyclic voltammetry. Those that formed adherent films were analysed by UV/VIS/NIR spectroscopy in both the neutral and oxidised form. The electrochemical and spectroscopic evidence again pointed to the formation of dimers as the primary product of oxidation from terthiophene-based monomers. The surface morphology of the films was investigated by scanning electron microscopy, and showed a variety of morphologies.

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CANDIDATE'S DECLARATION

This is to certify that the research carried out for my Doctoral thesis entitled "The Synthesis and Properties of Polyether Substituted Oligothiophenes" in the Institute of Fundamental Sciences, Massey University, Turitea, New Zealand is my own work and that the thesis material has not been used in part or in whole for any other qualification.

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CERTIFICATE OF REGULATORY COMPLIANCE

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Te Kunenga ki Pūrehuroa

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Abbreviations

AFM	atomic force microscopy
Anal.	analysis
aq.	aqueous
ArC	aromatic carbon atom
ArH	aromatic proton
AU	absorbance units
с.	concentrated
ca.	circa
calc	calculated
CV	cyclic voltammetry or cyclic voltammogram
DBU	1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene
DMF	dimethylformamide
Ε	potential
Em	emission
ESR	electron spin resonance
Et	ethyl
EtOH	ethanol
EtOH eq.	ethanol equivalents
eq.	equivalents
eq. Ex	equivalents excitation
eq. Ex FAB-MS	equivalents excitation fast atom bombardment mass spectrometry
eq. Ex FAB-MS Fig.	equivalents excitation fast atom bombardment mass spectrometry Figure
eq. Ex FAB-MS Fig. GPC	equivalents excitation fast atom bombardment mass spectrometry Figure gel permeation chromatography
eq. Ex FAB-MS Fig. GPC HOMO	equivalents excitation fast atom bombardment mass spectrometry Figure gel permeation chromatography highest occupied molecular orbital
eq. Ex FAB-MS Fig. GPC HOMO HRMS	equivalents excitation fast atom bombardment mass spectrometry Figure gel permeation chromatography highest occupied molecular orbital high-resolution mass spectrometry
eq. Ex FAB-MS Fig. GPC HOMO HRMS h	equivalents excitation fast atom bombardment mass spectrometry Figure gel permeation chromatography highest occupied molecular orbital high-resolution mass spectrometry hours
eq. Ex FAB-MS Fig. GPC HOMO HRMS h IR	equivalents excitation fast atom bombardment mass spectrometry Figure gel permeation chromatography highest occupied molecular orbital high-resolution mass spectrometry hours infrared
eq. Ex FAB-MS Fig. GPC HOMO HRMS h IR IR	equivalents excitation fast atom bombardment mass spectrometry Figure gel permeation chromatography highest occupied molecular orbital high-resolution mass spectrometry hours infrared indium tin oxide

LUMO	lowest unoccupied molecular orbital
μL	microlitre
mA	milliampere
MALDI-MS	matrix assisted laser desorption of ions mass spectrometry
max	maximum
Me	methyl
MeCN	acetonitrile
MeOH	methanol
min	minutes
mL	millilitre
mM	millimole/litre
mmol	millimole
mol	mole
NIR	near infrared
NMR	nuclear magnetic resonance
Ph	phenyl
SEM	scanning electron microscopy or scanning electron micrograph
TBAP	tetrabutylammonium perchlorate
ThC	thienyl carbon atom
ThH	thienyl proton
THF	tetrahydrofuran
r.t.	room temperature
sat.	saturated
TLC	thin layer chromatography
UV	ultraviolet
ν	scanning speed
V	volt
VIS	visible

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Index of Compounds

For structures and systematic names of all compounds, refer to Chapter 7. A fold-out reference guide to the structures of terthiophene- and sexithiophene-based compounds is provided inside the back cover.

Ι	styryl-15-crown-5 terthiophene
II	styryl-18-crown-6 terthiophene
III	benzo-15-crown-5 phosphonium salt
IV	benzo-18-crown-6 phosphonium salt
V	formylbenzo-15-crown
VI	formylbenzo-18-crown-6
VII	hydroxymethylbenzo-15-crown-5
VIII	hydroxymethylbenzo-18-crown-6
IX	chloromethylbenzo-15-crown-5
X	chloromethylbenzo-18-crown-6
XI	nitrostyryl-15-crown-5
XII	nitrostyryl-18-crown-6
XIII	benzo-15-crown-5 phosphonate
XIV	benzo-18-crown-6 phosphonate
XV	styryl-15-crown-5 thiophene
XVI	styryl-18-crown-6 thiophene
XVII	isovanillin short-chain benzaldehyde
XVIII	isovanillin medium-chain benzaldehyde
XIX	isovanillin long-chain benzaldehyde
XX	vanillin short-chain benzaldehyde
XXI	vanillin medium-chain benzaldehyde
XXII	vanillin long-chain benzaldehyde
XXIII	isovanillin short-chain terthiophene
XXIV	isovanillin medium-chain terthiophene
XXV	isovanillin long-chain terthiophene
XXVI	vanillin short-chain terthiophene

XXVII	vanillin medium-chain terthiophene
XXVIII	vanillin long-chain terthiophene
XXIX	dimethoxystyryl terthiophene
XXX	isovanillin short-chain thiophene
XXXI	isovanillin medium-chain thiophene
XXXII	isovanillin long-chain thiophene
XXXIII	vanillin short-chain thiophene
XXXIV	vanillin medium-chain thiophene
XXXV	vanillin long-chain thiophene
XXXVI	dimethoxystyryl thiophene
XXXVII	syn-bis(styryl terthiophene)-18-crown-6
XXXVIII	anti-bis(styryl terthiophene)-18-crown-6
XXXIX	18-crown-6 bisphosphonium salt (isomeric mixture)
XL	18-crown-6 bisphosphonate (isomeric mixture)
XLI	bis(formylbenzo)-18-crown-6 (isomeric mixture)
XLII	bis(hydroxymethylbenzo)-18-crown-6 (isomeric mixture)
XLIII	bis(chloromethylbenzo)-18-crown-6 (isomeric mixture)
XLIV	bis(nitrostyryl)-18-crown-6 (isomeric mixture)
XLV	syn-bis(formylbenzo)-18-crown-6
XLVI	anti-bis(formylbenzo)-18-crown-6
XLVII	isovanillin methoxy hemicrown
XLVIII	isovanillin hydroxy hemicrown
XLIX	vanillin methoxy hemicrown
L	vanillin hydroxy hemicrown
LI	4-ethylsulfanyl-3-hydroxy-benzaldehyde
LII	3-hydroxy-4-[2-(2-hydroxy-ethoxy)-ethoxy]-benzaldehyde
LIII	3-[2-(2-chloro-ethoxy)-ethoxy]-4-methoxy-benzaldehyde
LIV	mixed methoxy hemicrown
LV	mixed hydroxy hemicrown
LVI	4-12-(2-chloro-ethoxy)-ethoxy1-3-methoxy-benzaldehyde
LVII	4-ethylsulfanyl-3-methoxy-benzaldehyde
LVIII	4-hydroxy-3- 2-(2-hydroxy-ethoxy)-ethoxy -benzaldehyde
LIX	syn-bis(styryl thiophene)-18-crown-6

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LX	anti-bis(styryl thiophene)-18-crown-6
LXI	isovanillin terthiophene hemicrown
LXII	vanillin terthiophene hemicrown
LXIII	mixed terthiophene hemicrown
LXIV	isovanillin thiophene hemicrown
LXV	vanillin thiophene hemicrown
LXVI	mixed thiophene hemicrown
LXVII	15-crown-5 terthiophene dimer
LXVIII	18-crown-6-terthiophene dimer
LXIX	isovanillin short-chain terthiophene dimer
LXX	isovanillin medium-chain terthiophene dimer
LXXI	isovanillin long-chain terthiophene dimer
LXXII	vanillin short-chain terthiophene dimer
LXXIII	vanillin medium-chain terthiophene dimer
LXXIV	vanillin long-chain terthiophene dimer
LXXV	dimethoxystyryl terthiophene dimer
LXXVI	styryl terthiophene
LXXVII	methoxystyryl terthiophene
LXXVIII	styryl terthiophene dimer
LXXIX	methoxystyryl terthiophene dimer

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