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# New Zealand and Australian Marriage and Family Therapy Practitioners: Paradigm Adherence, Practitioner Profiles and Clinical Practice

A thesis presented in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Master of Arts in Psychology at Massey University

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2002

### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

First of all I thank this beautiful country for welcoming me and for all the opportunities it has given me to grow as a person as well as professionally. I came to New Zealand two and a half years ago and can truly say I feel at home. I have received respect, acceptance and appreciation from its people and feel indebted to strive for success and contribute to this country to the best of my abilities. This thesis is dedicated to you.

I thank my supervisors, Cheryl Woolley and Dave Clarke, for many hours of guidance and advice in the development and completion of this project. Cheryl and Dave were always positive and encouraging in the assistance they provided. Special thanks to Dave Clarke for his invaluable input and for generously sharing his time and helping me understand and interpret the data for this study.

I thank Ross Flett for his encouragement and for guiding me with the statistical design.

I would also like to thank Harvey Jones for giving generously of his knowledge and time in helping set up the website and providing me with the data entry program.

I thank Melanie at the school of Psychology in Palmerston North and Linda at the School of Psychology in Albany, for your support and kind assistance. I also thank my friend Pamelita Feetham for caring and believing in my abilities. I thank her for her generosity and for editing and giving honest feedback for this project.

I thank my family for their unconditional love and support, for the sacrifices they have made for me and for always believing in me. I thank my husband, David, for his patience, love and encouragement. I thank him for helping me stay motivated and focused with his optimism and endless confidence in my ability to complete this step in my career. Sin ustedes este sueño no seria realidad!

Mi mas sincero agradecimento a todos ustedes. Gracias!

### ABSTRACT

A partial replication of a study conducted in the United States (Booth, 1996) on the theoretical perspectives of marriage and family practitioners using the Paradigm Adherence Scale (PAS), and a survey on demographic characteristics and clinical practice were conducted with New Zealand and Australian marriage and family therapy practitioners. The PAS measures adherence to the three main paradigms associated with marriage and family therapy (psychological, systems and social constructionist). The Australasian marriage and family therapy practitioners in the sample (N=88) were slightly more females than males, mainly middle-aged (48.6 years), and engaged equally in both private and public practices. Participants came from a diversity of mental health disciplines including social work, psychology, counselling and psychotherapy. They had been practising marriage and family therapy for 11.69 years on average, conducting short-term therapy (an average of 9.45 sessions) and treating a wide range of serious problems. Results from the PAS indicated that the largest proportions of participants adhered primarily to a combination of the three paradigms (43.2%) or to a social constructionist paradigm (39.8%). It was found that both the post-graduate and current or most recent supervisors' preferred paradigm predict participants' strength of adherence to a particular paradigm. Some methodological limitations were discussed. The study provided interesting insights into the training and practice of New Zealand and Australian practitioners and provides a baseline for future research, making it possible to describe the developments of marriage and family therapy in Australasia.

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