Copyright is owned by the Author of the thesis. Permission is given for a copy to be downloaded by an individual for the purpose of research and private study only. The thesis may not be reproduced elsewhere without the permission of the Author.

Tactical enacting: A grounded theory

A thesis presented in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the degree of

Doctor of Education

at Massey University, Manawatū, New Zealand.

Catherine Ross

2016

Abstract

This research uses classic grounded theory methodology to produce a grounded theory of **tactical enacting**. Forty two participants were drawn from the population of learning advisors working in a variety of tertiary education organisations in New Zealand. Data consisted of field notes and transcripts from observations, interviews and a group workshop/discussion and were analysed using all procedures that comprise classic grounded theory methodology.

The thesis of this thesis is that learning advisors express a concern for role performance and continually resolve that concern through tactical enacting. In tactical enacting, learning advisors are working tactically towards a variety of ends. These ends include a performance identity and a role critical to organisational agendas. A role critical to organisational agendas is one which makes a significant contribution to student success outcomes and organisational performance. Making a strong contribution to student success and organisational performance helps learning advisors construct the desired professional identity for themselves and establish their role as valuable in the eyes of others and the organisation. Tactical enacting means advisors perform their role tactically in order to meet their own professional standards as well as the needs and expectations of students and the organisation and to help secure their place within tertiary education. However, in tactical enacting, learning advisors constitute themselves as the performing subject, subject to and subjecting themselves to the performativity discourse of the contemporary tertiary education organisation. At the same time, in tactical enacting, learning advisors constitute themselves as the ethical subject in an effort not to be governed by performativity alone and to enable them to meet organisational, student and their own expectations of how they should behave.

This research contributes to knowledge in three main areas. Firstly, to knowledge and practice in relation to professional roles and organisations; specifically, the learning advisor role in the contemporary tertiary education organisation in New Zealand. Secondly, to research; specifically, to the scholarship of learning advising, and, lastly, to research method; specifically, to classic grounded theory methodology, and to an

approach that applies a Foucauldian analytical framework to a discussion of an emergent grounded theory.

Acknowledgements

My thanks and appreciation go to my principal supervisor Nick Zepke who has supported and challenged me from the beginning to the end of this research and to my other supervisors, Seth Brown, Linda Leach and Clare Mariskind, who have done so for various stages of it. Collectively, their enabling approach to the supervision process and their care, critique, questioning, and always thoughtful and thought-provoking responses to my writing, has helped me complete the research and writing with the rigour expected of doctoral researchers.

To all the learning advisors who so willingly gave their time to speak and write to me about their experiences. Their interest in and commitment to this project made it possible.

To my family, friends and colleagues who maintained enthusiastic interest in my progress and cheered me along.

To Massey University for awarding me a Doctoral Completion Bursary which allowed me to take leave from my job and work full-time on putting the final touches to the thesis.

Table of contents

Abstract
Acknowledgementsii
Table of contentsiv
List of figuresvii
List of tablesvii
Chapter one
Introduction to the research
Introduction
Background to the research
The learning advisor role
The research problem
Aim and purpose of the research
Justification for the research6
Potential significance of the research
The research approach
Structure of the thesis
Conclusion
Chapter two
The learning advisor and their workplace: A contextual overview
Introduction
The contemporary workplace
The contemporary workplace: The New Zealand tertiary education system 11
The contemporary workplace: The tertiary education environment
The learning advisor in the workplace21
The performativity culture
Professional identity
An insecure workplace
Conclusion
Chapter three
Methodology35

. 35
. 35
. 36
. 37
. 38
. 40
. 42
. 42
. 42
. 43
. 43
. 44
. 44
. 45
. 47
. 51
. 54
. 56
. 56
. 57
. 59
. 60
. 61
. 63
. 64
. 65
. 66
. 67
. 72
. 73
. 73
. 73

Tactical enacting	74
Overview	74
Cultivating	76
Building	77
Projecting	81
Influencing	87
Promoting	88
Persuading	93
Conclusion	99
Chapter five	100
Discussion of the grounded theory	100
Introduction	100
Discourse, governmentality and ethics	103
Discourse	103
Governmentality	104
Ethics	105
Tactical enacting: The performing subject	108
Tactical enacting: The ethical subject	116
Conclusion	126
Chapter six	128
Conclusions	128
Introduction	128
Overview of the research findings	129
Contribution to knowledge	
Contribution to practice	131
Recommendation one	134
Recommendation two	135
Recommendation three	135
Recommendation four	135
Contribution to research	135
Potential area for future research one	137
Potential area for future research two	137

Potential area for future research three	138
Contribution to research method	138
Summary of contribution to practice, research and method	. 139
Achievement of research aims	140
Evaluation of research findings	141
Limitations	. 145
Concluding statement	. 148
References	. 150
Appendices	190

List of figures

Figure 1. Adapted from the Tertiary Education Commission (TEC) diagram outli	ning
the structure of the TEO network in the New Zealand tertiary education system (TEC,
2014, p. 31). ITPs = institutes of technology and polytechnics; PTEs = private train	ing
establishments; TEOs = tertiary education organisations	12
Figure 2. The theory of tactical enacting.	71
Figure 3. The theory of tactical enacting.	74
Figure 4. The sub-process cultivating and its concepts and properties	76
Figure 5. The sub-process influencing and its concepts and properties	87
List of tables	
Table 1 Data Sources	46