

Copyright is owned by the Author of the thesis. Permission is given for a copy to be downloaded by an individual for the purpose of research and private study only. The thesis may not be reproduced elsewhere without the permission of the Author.

**A Java Implementation of a Linda-like TupleSpace System
with Nested Transactions**

A thesis presented in partial fulfilment of the
requirements for the degree of
Master of Science
in
Computer Science

at Massey University, Albany, New Zealand

Yinan Yao

2006

Abstract

The *Tuplespace* model is considered a powerful option for the design and implementation of loosely coupled distributed systems. In this report, the features of the Tuplespace model are examined as well as the issues involved in implementing such a Tuplespace system based on Java. The system presented includes the function of *Transactions*: a collection of operations that either all succeed or all fail. The system also permits *Nested Transactions*: an extension of transactions. Nested transactions have a multi-level grouping structure: each nested transaction consists of zero or more operations and possibly some nested transactions. The key advantages offered by nested transactions include that they enable the failure of an operation to be isolated within a certain scope without necessarily aborting the entire transaction, and they allow programmers to sub-divide a complex operation into a number of smaller and simpler concurrent operations. The other features of nested transactions are also examined in this report. Finally, the testing results indicate that it is possible to build an efficient, scalable, and transaction secured distributed application that relies on the Tuplespace model and the system developed for this research.

Acknowledgements

First, thanks to my research supervisor Heath James who has aided me greatly throughout my 2 years of postgraduate study. I know I couldn't finish my thesis without his excellent guidance and support. Thanks to many other lecturers in the Computer Science department who taught me a lot in my first year study at Massey University.

Next, the research facilities provided by Massey University were great. I was given 24-hour access to the computer laboratory. The university library contains a large number of useful materials. And also, I have to thank Massey University for the Masterate Scholarship that was a great financial support.

Last, I have to thank my parents who have offered me constant support and encouragement. Their support was always the key reason that kept me going.

Table of Contents

Abstract	II
Acknowledgements	III
Table of Contents.....	IV
Table of Figures	VII
Table of Code Samples	IX
1. Introduction.....	1
1.1 The TupleSpace Concept	2
1.2 Plan of the Report	3
2. An Overview of TupleSpace Architecture	5
2.1 Principles of TupleSpace Systems	5
2.2 Advantages of TupleSpaces Implemented in Java	6
2.3 Current Major TupleSpace Implementations.....	9
2.4 Uses of TupleSpace Architectures	10
3. Design of the Java Implemented TupleSpace System.....	13
3.1 Overview of the TupleSpace Model	13
3.2 Connecting to a Tuple-space	14
3.3 Tuples and Templates	16
3.4 Storing Tuples in the Tuple-space	17
3.5 Matching Tuples.....	19
3.6 Partitioning the Tuple-space.....	21
3.7 Retrieving Tuples from Tuple-spaces	22
3.8 Retrieving Fields from Tuples.....	23
4. TupleSpace Distribution Pattern.....	24
4.1 Message Passing Communications	24
4.2 Communication Protocols	25
4.3 Asynchronous Message Handling	27
4.4 Synchronizing Operations	29

4.5 Collaborating Servers	30
4.6 Design Patterns	31
4.7 Data Package Switching	33
5. Transactions.....	34
5.1 Transactions and ACID Properties	34
5.2 Distributed Transaction Model.....	36
5.3 Remote Transaction Implementation	36
5.4 Transactional Operations	38
5.5 Transaction States	40
5.6 Completing a Transaction	41
6. Nested Transactions.....	45
6.1 What are Nested Transactions?	45
6.2 Some Terminology	47
6.3 Synchronizing Nested Transactions	48
6.4 Create Nested Transactions.....	51
6.5 Nested Transaction Operations.....	54
6.6 Completing a Nested Transaction	56
7. System Testing	62
7.1 Ticket Reservation Application	62
7.2 Nested Transaction Testing.....	67
7.3 Performance Testing	72
7.3.1 Write tuples	72
7.3.2 Read/Take tuples	76
8. Further Research Areas	80
8.1 Client Access Authorization and Management.....	80
8.2 Dynamic Class Loading	80
8.3 Higher Efficiency and Reliability	82
8.4 Built-in SQL support	82
9. Conclusions	84
References	85

Appendix A: CD – ROM88

Table of Figures

Figure1 – Tuple-space based process communication	2
Figure2 – Distributed nodes use spaces and simple operations to coordinate activities	3
Figure3 – Client’s request handled by cooperating Tuple-spaces	16
Figure4 – A Tuple-space consists of multiple subspaces	21
Figure5 – Message passing between Tuplespace client and server	25
Figure6 – Message protocol for <code>out()</code> , <code>rd()</code> and <code>tk()</code> operations	26
Figure7 – Multiple requests handling scheme	28
Figure8 – Message protocol for result returned from Tuplespace server	28
Figure9 – Cooperating Tuplespace servers	30
Figure10 – A transaction nesting diagram	32
Figure11 – The internal structure of a typical transaction object	42
Figure12 – A transaction nesting diagram	47
Figure13 – A tree diagram for transaction nesting	47
Figure14 – Transaction nesting	47
Figure15 – Transaction nesting example	48
Figure16 – Lock moving among nested transactions	50
Figure17 – Relationship diagram of nested transactions	52
Figure18 – Process order of retrieval operations under nested transactions	55
Figure19 – Committing sequence of nested transactions	57
Figure20 – Lock passing during nested transaction committing	58
Figure21 – Demonstration of a basic ticket reservation process (1)	63
Figure22 – Demonstration of a basic ticket reservation process (2)	65
Figure23 – Status of the test Tuplespace system	68
Figure24 – Contents of the test tuples	68
Figure25 – Tuples used for testing	73
Figure26 – Performance Test for <code>out()</code> operations	73
Figure27 – Performance Test for <code>out()</code> operations under (sub)transactions	74

Figure28 – Performance Test for out () operations under different space conditions	75
Figure29 – Performance Test for out () operations under different server conditions	75
Figure30 – Performance Test for rd () operations	76
Figure31 – Performance Test for rd () operations under transactions	77
Figure32 – Performance Test for rd () when retrieving from alternative servers	77
Figure33 – Performance Test for rd () under concurrent access situations	78

Table of Code Samples

Code Sample1 – Establish connection with Tuple-space	15
Code Sample2 – Creating tuples and templates	16
Code Sample3 – Define and write tuples to Tuple-space	18
Code Sample4 – Retrieving tuples from the space	22
Code Sample5 – Retrieving field value and type from a tuple	23
Code Sample6 – Create transaction object, and perform transactional operations	37
Code Sample7 – Transaction state constants defined in the system	40
Code Sample8 – Transaction completion syntax	41
Code Sample9 – Creating nested transactions	52
Code Sample10 – Committing/Aborting nested transactions	56