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PREDICTING FURTHER SUICIDAL BEHAVIOUR
IN ATTEMPTED SUICIDE PATIENTS

A thesis presented in partial fulfilment
of the requirements for the degree
Doctor of Philosophy in Psychology
at Massey University

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This study examined the psychological determinants of future suicidal behaviour and ideation in attempted suicide patients. The approach taken was to identify personality variables that insulated the suicide attempter against further attempts and suicidal thoughts. Three specific areas were focused on. Firstly, past research has shown attempters to be under considerable stress both before their attempt and up to two years afterwards. Self esteem was tested here as a potential insulator against stress, and in particular, low self esteem as an indicator of future suicidal behaviour. Secondly, many studies have noted the intimate relationship between depression and suicide. Beck (1967) postulated that the cognitive variable of hopelessness moderates the relationship between depression and suicide. While hopelessness has been implicated in past studies of suicidal intent, the present research tested hopelessness as a predictor of suicidal behaviour and ideation. A further cognitive variable, rigidity, has been found previously to be a characteristic of suicidal individuals. This study predicted rigidity is more a function of the depressed condition of attempters, rather than being directly involved in suicidal behaviour. Thirdly, the fact that suicidal individuals lead socially isolated lives has been noted by many researchers. The suicide attempter's social relationships are generally unsatisfying and a major source of interpersonal friction. This study examined the role of social skills in the development of suicidal behaviour, predicting low social skill would be associated with future suicidal behaviour and ideation. Overall, the research investigated the influence of cognitive, social skill and self esteem variables on the development of
suicidal behaviour.

As well as the above theoretical questions, the study also examined the predictive validity of the Zung Index of Potential Suicide. This scale uses clinical factors as opposed to the traditional demographic approach to predicting suicidal behaviour.

The subjects were 67 attempted suicide patients admitted to three New Zealand general hospitals. Each completed personality measures within two days of their admission to hospital. All subjects were contacted six months after their discharge and 46 completed a follow-up questionnaire. This questionnaire measured current level of depression, suicidal ideation and whether any further suicide attempts had been made.

The results showed 37% of attempters to have made at least one further attempt and 17% to have been admitted to hospital for a repeat attempt. Both low self esteem and high hopelessness significantly distinguished repeaters from first time attempters at admission, and those patients making a repeat attempt over the six month follow-up period. Hopelessness was significantly related to suicidal ideation on admission, while self esteem was related to both suicidal ideation and depression at follow-up. Poor social skills did not predict future depression, suicidal ideation or attempting. The relationship between depression and the variables of suicidal ideation and the number of previous suicide attempts, was largely explained by hopelessness. As predicted, cognitive rigidity was significantly related to depression at admission but not to suicidal behaviour or ideation. The Zung Index
of Potential Suicide, while significantly related to suicidal ideation and the number of previous suicide attempts, was a very poor predictor of future suicidal ideation or behaviour.

The results suggest psychological variables offer considerable potential over demographic factors in assessing suicidal risk. The differential effects of hopelessness and self esteem imply a division in terms of long and short term suicidal risk is appropriate, with different variables involved over the two periods. The task for future research is to identify the specific components of hopelessness and self esteem as well as other psychological variables involved in suicidal behaviour.
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# Table of Contents

**CHAPTER ONE: OVERVIEW**
- 1.1 Incidence ................................................................. 1
- 1.2 Attempter Characteristics ............................................. 3
- 1.3 Repeat attempts and suicide ........................................... 5
- 1.4 Problems in assessing suicidal risk ................................... 7
- 1.5 Theoretical approaches to suicide prediction ....................... 11
- 1.6 Improving risk prediction ............................................. 13
- 1.7 Medical contacts of suicidal individuals ............................. 14
- 1.8 Summary and proposal ...................................................... 16

**CHAPTER TWO: DEPRESSION AND COGNITIVE CORRELATES OF SUICIDAL BEHAVIOUR**
- 2.1 Depression in attempted suicides ..................................... 18
- 2.2 Depression and suicidal death .......................................... 19
- 2.3 Suicide rates in psychiatric disorders ................................ 20
- 2.4 Beck’s view of depression .............................................. 22
- 2.5 Hopelessness and suicidal behaviour .................................... 24
- 2.6 Cognitive rigidity in suicidal individuals ............................ 25
- 2.7 Summary ................................................................. 29

**CHAPTER THREE: SOCIAL SKILLS AND SUICIDAL BEHAVIOUR**
- 3.1 Social isolation and suicidal behaviour ............................... 32
- 3.2 Social skills and suicidal behaviour .................................... 33
- 3.3 The social basis of suicidal behaviour .................................. 36

**CHAPTER FOUR: STRESS AND SUICIDAL BEHAVIOUR**
- 4.1 Stress in the lives of attempted suicide .............................. 42
- 4.2 Personality factors as moderator variables ......................... 44
- 4.3 Self esteem as a stress insulator ...................................... 45
- 4.4 Summary ................................................................. 47

**CHAPTER FIVE: SCALES FOR PREDICTING SUICIDAL BEHAVIOUR**
- 5.1 Previous approaches ..................................................... 48
- 5.2 Suicidal death prediction scales ....................................... 49
- 5.3 Predicting further suicidal behaviour in attempted suicides ... 64
- 5.4 Innovative approaches .................................................... 70
- 5.5 Summary and proposal .................................................... 71

**CHAPTER SIX: SUMMARY AND HYPOTHESES**
- 6.1 Theoretical Model ........................................................... 73
- 6.2 Hypotheses ................................................................. 77

**CHAPTER SEVEN: METHOD**
- 7.1 Subjects ................................................................. 79
- 7.2 Procedure ................................................................. 79
- 7.3 Instruments ................................................................. 81
LIST OF TABLES

1. Correlations among variables in past studies of hopelessness, depression and suicidal intent. 27

2. Scale for assessing suicide risk in attempted suicides (Tuckman and Youngman, 1968). 50

3. Suicide potential scale (Dean et al, 1967). 52

4. The suicide risk assessment scale (Motto, 1982). 55

5. Post attempt release assessment scales (Pallis, 1983). 58

6. The neuropsychiatric hospital suicide prediction schedule (Farberow and MacKinnon, 1974). 62


8. Naval recruit suicide prediction scale (Hoiberg and Garfein, 1976). 68

9. Alpha coefficients for Patient Questionnaire scales. 96

10. Intercorrelations among measures in Patient Questionnaire. 97
11. Full and partial correlations for suicidal variables with hopelessness and depression, controlling social desirability.

12. Varimax rotated factor matrix for Patient Questionnaire scales.

13. Multiple regression equation predicting suicidal ideation.

14. Stepwise selection of factors in discriminant function analysis for classifying repeaters and first attempters at admission.

15. Standard discriminant function coefficients for the four selected factors.

16. Classification results for the discriminant function.

17. Cross-tabulation of first and repeat attempters at admission with non-repeaters and repeaters after six months.

18. Multiple regression equation predicting suicidal ideation at follow-up.

19. Multiple regression equation predicting suicidal ideation at follow-up.

20. Stepwise selection of factors in discriminant function analysis for classifying repeaters and non-repeaters at
21. Standard discriminant function for the two selected factors.

22. Classification results for the discriminant function.

23. Raw scores of repeaters and non-repeaters at admission and six month follow-up.

24. Cronbach alpha reliability coefficients for the Zung Index of Potential Suicide subscales.

25. Pearson correlations between the Zung Index of Potential Suicide and measures of suicidal ideation and behaviour.

26. Pearson correlations between the Emotional Status items of the Zung IPS and suicidal ideation and behaviour.
# LIST OF FIGURES

1. Number of suicides and attempted suicides in New Zealand 1960-1980.  
   - Page 2

2. Rate of suicide and attempted suicide by age in New Zealand for 1980.  
   - Page 4

3. Number of reported further attempts after six month follow-up.  
   - Page 103

4. Number of repeaters hospitalised after six month follow-up.  
   - Page 108